tastois Opis

STUDY OUTLINE OF GENESIS

The title Genesis, which is Greek, means "Origin," and the TITLE OF THE BOOK: first word in the Hebrew means "Beginning, words which indicate both the scope and the limits of the book.

> As to Scope, Genesis tells us the beginning of everything, except God. As to Limit, it isonly the beginning; there is no finality.

AUTHOR OF THE BOOK: The Jews always ascribed it to Moses -- this was confirmed by Christ in John 5466 67 by Christ in John 5:46,47. Moses probably wrote it after the name Jehovah had been revealed to him (Ex. 3:14; 4:2,3) since he uses it so often.

The Bible is not the earliest revelation from God. There were the oral traditions passed down from family to family, and later included in the Scrip-These oral teachings were just as inspired of God as was the written teachings.

PURPOSE OF THE BOOK: To prepare for the story of God's dealings with the Hebrew people, from whom the Saviour of the world was to come. All is made to converge and taper to that fact. Much that would have been interesting, but irrevelant, is dropped out of view, or mentioned in the slightest manner.

The Bible is not a book of geology, biology, ethnology, archaeology -it is a religious book, a record of God's revelation to man.

DIVISIONS OF THE BOOK: Genesis divides itself naturally by the recurring purase,
"These are the generations ..."

1. Of the heavens and earth 2:4

2. Of Adam 5:1

3. Of Noah 6:9

4. Of Noah's sons 10:1

5. Of Shem 11:10

6. Of Terah 11:27

7. Of Ishmael 25:12

8 Of Tsaac 25:19 DIVISIONS OF THE BOOK: Genesis divides itself naturally by the recurring phrase,

- 8. Of Isaac 25:19
- 9. Of Esau 36:1
- 10. Of Jacob 37:2

At each division our attention is fixed on a narrowing area, until from the creation of the heavens and the earth it is left with one sad object of contemplation -- an enslaved race, and "a coffin in Egypt."

The call and response of THERE ARE TWO MAJOR DIVISION IN GENESIS. Abraham constitute a new departure in the story, and mark off the two main parts of the book -- the first part covering chapters 1-11, and the second part chapters 12-50.

In the first divisions we have four significant events; in the second part, we have four significant persons. Our study outline will revolve around these.

STUDY OUTLINE THE FOUNDATIONS OF REDEMPTION

I. PRIMEVAL HISTORY (1-11)

Four Significant Events

- 1. The Creation --- Divine Sovereignty in the physical creation.

 God's eternal priority
- 2. The Fall ----- Divine Sovereignty in human probation God's moral authority
- 3. The Flood ---- Divine Sovereignty in historical retribution God's judicial severity
- 4. The Babel Tower Divine Sovereignty in racial distribution God's governmental supremacy

II, PATRIARCHAL HISTORY (12-50)

Four Significant Persons

- 1. Abraham --- God's Call
- 2. Isaac --- God's Choice
- 3. Jacob --- God's Care
- 4. Joseph --- God's Control

man begin at tigs + "fell up" Prestor's Copy

THE FALL

The temptation was permitted!

The formation was permitted!

The food purposerue to become righteourse of God But he could ong tempt - not force!

Word of God "Jest" THE FALL Touthtun Come THE FALL OF MAN Satan's Temptation to Eve: (1) Changed the Word of God (2) Added to the Word of God (3) Subtracted from the Word of God "lest ... maybe" 1 John 2114 The Nature of the Temptation: (3) Pride of Life -- "become as gods" The True a Argon Down man

The Effects of Sin: the first principle of the reference of to get someone else to fall. Guilt -- they knew something had happened. (2) Fear (3) Flight (4) Defense -- fig leaf covering. (5) Attack -- "the woman thou gavest me." — third given anyle Killian's curses

- P had given anyle profession THE CURSES On Man: external, objective, in realm of productivity. (1) Toil -- before work was effortless (2) Tears (3) Sweat 2. On Woman: internal, in her nature (1) Woman sorrow a. Physiological disorder Psychological disturbance Mother Pain -- cursed in the realm of the highest and noblest; shows the enormousness of sin. Wife Subjection -- home is to be the center of her joys and affections. I formuly a flying sergent On Satan: Degradation -- crawl - org sheleful animal most woods by Dust -- what happens to the serpent outwardly happens to the devil inwardly - - a prophecy of the death of the devil. (3) Enmity a. Personal -- between devil and woman / Abel b. Racial or social -- saved and lost, and Cain c. Spiritual -- between seed of woman, Christ, and himself. Josever in that condition

II.

> A clothed Them. Heb, for attine

GEN 217 Three Res. AID DAL INF/ABSOLUTE 1770 DAL (Fut 27 Sing mase. -or-315ing THE INFIGURE ABSOLUTE PUTE STRONGER STREET ON THE IDEA CONTAINED IN THE YERE " - WESTERMANN "THE INFINITUE ABSOLUTE BEFORE THE FINITE VELL INTERSIFIED THE LATTER. TK ! D "THE USE OF THE INFINITIVE ABSOLUTE IS RESTRIC TO THOSE CASES IN WHICH IT EMPHASIZES THE ABSTRACT VERBAL IDEA, WITHOUT REGARD TO THE SUBJECT OR OBJECT OF THE ACTION . IT STANDS MOST EREQUENTLY AS AN ADVERBIAL ACCUSATIVE WITH A FINITE WELB OF THE SAME STEM " 645 (G "SPRAKS GE AN ASTION WITHOUT ANYRESARD TO THE ASENT OR TO THE SIRCUMSTANCES OF TIME AND MOOD WHOER WHICH IT TAKES PLACE . " S EMPHASTLE IN THIS WAY EITHER THE CERTAINTY ORTHE FORGIBLENESS AND COMPLETER GEO 317 HERE AS THE EG. ; TRANZATES IT AS "THOU SHALT SUREY DIE."

THE TYPE TEACHING OF GENESIS

L

I. OLD TESTAMENT TYPES IN GENERAL

PERSONS: Adam--Rom. #5:14

Melchizedek" Heb. 7:3

OBJECTS: "That rock...was Christ"--I Cor. 10:4

The first Tabernacle---Heb. 9:8,9

EVENTS: Noah saved by water -- I Pet. 3:21
Abraham and Issac -- Heb. 11:9

Script: I Cor 10:6 --types

I Cor 10:11 Heb. 10:1

1. Value of Typology ;; has fallen into dwax disrepute

(1) Gives O.T. wo nderderful new wealth of meaning.

(2) Furnishes proof of Divine Inspiration

(3) a form of prophecy

- 2. Principles of Interpreatation
- (1) No doctrine per theory should ever be built upon a type or types independently of direct teaching elsewhere in Scripture. Types are meant to amplify doctrine, not to originate it. They are illuminative, not foundational.
- (2) The parallelism between type and antitype should not be pressed to fanciful extreemes. they are not meant to be exact replicas

DEFINITION OF TYPES:

Any person, object, event or institution Divinely adapted to represent some spiritual reality, or to prefigure some person or truth to be later revealed.

God has been present pleased to invest certain events, persons, etc., with a prefiguartive meaning, so that besides having a real relationship with their own times they have had a min significance reaching far forward into the future.

II. TYPES IN GENESIS
Persons: Adam --Christ

THE FLOOD SURVIVORS -- A TYPE OF THE CHURCH

- 1. Chosen-- 6:18, Eph.1:4
- 2. Called--7:1; Rom. 8:30
- 3. Believers =7:4,7; Heb, 11
- 4. Sepearted
- 5. Sealed 7:16; Eph. 1:13
- 6. Risen -- 7:17-19
- 7. Rewarded -- 8:15-19 possessed a new world.

XXXXX

JOSEPH, A TYPE OF CHRIST

Life of Joseph in three periods. He is the most complete single type of Christ anywhere in the Bible.

- I. THE BELOEVD SON
- 1. Preeminent in the love of the father. 37:3, Matt.3:17
- 2. Preeminent in filial honor -- 37:3, John 5:36,37; 3:35
- 3. Preeminent in the Divine Purposes. His dreams were prophetic 37:5-11 Heb. 1:2; Eph. 1:9,10
- 4. Preeminent as the father's messenger -- 37:13,14 Luke 4:18, Heb. 1:1,2

II. THE REJECTED SERVANT

- 1. Hated -- 37:4, John 15:24
- 2. Sold by his brethern to Gentiles. Stripped of his coat
- 3. Suffering 37:23,24
- 4. Dead (in intent and figure) He was accounted dead 37:31-34

THE EXALTED SAVIOUR

- 1. Exalted as the wisdom and power of God to salvation. 41:38,9, New name-41:45; Becomes world's bread supplier, 41:57. Administrator of affairs 41:40 wirh 47:14-26.
- 2. Exalted to the right hand of the throne. 41:39-44
 Given Gentile bride 41:45
- 3. Exalted among his own brethern. 42:6. 43:26. Revealed to repentent brwthern, 45. Becomes spaid succourer of Isreal, 47:11,12. Consummates wonderful divine plan, 45:5-9. Becomes virtually resurrected, 45:28
- 4. Exalted to an everlasting presminence. 49:26. Scripture levels not one charge against Joseph, although more space given to him than any other person in Brb Genesis. His exaltation was both a vindication and a reward.