DAM'S COPY
STUDY OUTLINE OF EXODUS

'ay Out" or "Outgoing."

<u>Keyword</u>: Redemption

Meaning of Exodus: "Way Out" or "Outgoing."

Outstanding Character: Moses

Outstanding Events: Training of Moses, Ten Plagues, institution of the Passover, the Exodus, Giving of the Law, Prescription of a Ritual, Appointment of a Priesthood, and Construction of the Tabernacle.

The connection between Genesis and Exodus is intimate: Genesis is word of promise, Exodus is a work of fulfilment. In Genesis a People is Chosen, in Exodus a People is called.

OUTLINE

- I. SUBJECTION -- Israel in Egypt (1-12:36)
 - 1. The Persecution of the People (1)
 - (1) Israel's expansion in Egypt 1:1-12
 - (2) Israel's oppression by Egypt 1:13-22
 - 2. The Preparation of a Saviour (2-4:28)
 - (1) Moses' preparation in Egypt 2:1-15
 - (2) Moses' preparation in Midian 2:16-25
 - 3. The Plan and Progress of Redemption (4:29-12:36)
 - (1) The eight re uests, beginning with 5:1-3
 - (2) The eight refusals, beginning with 5:2
 - (3) The ten rejuitals, beginning with 7:20
- II. EMANCIPATION -- Israel from Egypt to Sinai (12:37-18:27)
 - 1. From Goshen to Red Sea 12:37-14:14
 - 2. Through the Red Sea 14:15-15:21
 - 3. From Red Sea to Sinai 15:22-19:2
- III. REVELATION Israel at Sinai (19:3 chapter 40)
 - 1. The Will of God Disclosed (19-31)
 - (1) The Law
 - (2) The Tabernacle
 - (3) The Priesthood
 - (4) The Service

- 2. The Will of God Contemned (31-34)
 - (1) The Great Transgression

(2) The Great Displeasure

- (3) The Law and the Covenant Renewed
- 3. The Will of God Fulfilled (35-40)
 - (1) The Construction of the Tabernacle
 - (2) The Completion of the Tabernacle
 - (3) The Consecration of the Tabernacle

EXODUS, A TYPE OF THE WORLD

- 1. Its material wealth and power.
- 2. Its fleshly wisdom and false religion.
- 3. Its despotic prince, Pharaoh, who is a figure of Satan.
- 4. Its organization on the principles of force, human aggrandizement, ambition, and pleasure.
- 5. Its persecution of the people of God.
- 6. Its overthrow by Divine judgment.

THE EXODUS AND THE GOSPEL

MAIN POINTS OF COMPARISON:

- 1. The Exodus brought a mighty emancipation for Israel. The Gospel brings deliverance from the guilt and penalty and bondage of sin.
- 2. The Exodus centered in the Passover and the slain Lamb. The Gospel centers in the great Passover of Calvary and the Lamb of God.
- 3. The Exodus became forever afterwards commemorated in the Passover feast. So Christ our passover is sacrificed for us therefore let us keep the feast. I Cor. 5:7.

MAIN POINTS OF CONTRAST:

- 1. The sheltering blood in Exodus was an animal. In the Gospel it is Christ.
- 2. The Exodus was national and limited. The Gospel is universal, and extends to "whospever will".
- 3. The one was deliverance from physical bondage, the other from spiritual; first deliverance was temporal, Christ's is eternal. The first opened up the way to an earthly Canaan; the other to a heavenly.